## **Designing Interactive Systems**

and A04 Presentations

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WS 2019/2020 http://hci.ac/dis

### A05 Discussion, Introduction to Week 7 and A06, Midterm Exam Preparation,







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# **Interesting Solutions from A05**





## Interesting interaction-based features you identified: Sun Starfire

- A wand to select objects in an image
- Interacting with hybrid interfaces
- Pressure-based scanning

• Editing images so that they retain the structure (e.g., when moving the arm)





## Interesting interaction-based features you identified: Put-that-there

- Screen pointing with gestures
- Detect who is issuing voice commands





## Interesting interaction-based features you identified: Apple Knowledge Navigator

- Human-like Al appearance
- understand phone calls
- Can pause the VA when talking

• Al can perform semantic understanding of documents, work with diagrams, and







## Midterm Exam

- Where? <u>TEMP2 (1515)002</u>)
- When? For 60 minutes, 17:15–18:45h on Wednesday (Nov. 27)
- What should you bring?  $\bullet$ 
  - A blue or a black pen; please do not use pencils
  - Photo ID (RWTH bluecard or a valid Ausweis with photo)
  - No calculators or smart watches





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# **Midterm Exam Preparations**





screen shown below in which he has to click targets in a sequence.

knows the device specific parameters:

SuperMouse:  $a = 0 \text{ ms}, b = 100 \frac{ms}{hit}$ CheapMouse:  $a = 0 \text{ ms}, b = 80 \frac{ms}{hit}$ 



5. [9 points] Philipp is about to buy a new input device for his shooter games. He can either choose SuperMouse or CheapMouse that can only register horizontal and vertical movements. To make a decision, he applies a Fitts' Law test for the game

Philipp uses Shannon's formulation of Fitts' Law  $(M_T = a + b * \log_2(\frac{D}{W} + 1))$  and





	S→A	A→B	B→C
D			
w			

$$M_T =$$

total movement time.

	S→B	B→C	C→A
D			
w			

 $M_T =$ 

- (No calculation necessary!)
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(a) [4 points] Using SuperMouse, Philipp clicks the targets along the following path: Start  $\rightarrow A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C$ . Identify the corresponding D and W values (in cm) for Shannon's formula and calculate the total movement time.

(b) [4 points] Since CheapMouse cannot register diagonal movements, Philipp uses a different path for this device: Start  $\rightarrow B \rightarrow C \rightarrow A$ . Identify the corresponding D and W values (in cm) for Shannon's formula and calculate the

(c) [1 points] If Philipp had chosen the remaining path  $\mathbf{Start} \to \mathbf{B} \to \mathbf{A} \to \mathbf{C}$  for CheapMouse, would  $M_T$  be different compared to (b)? Justify your answer!





a)	S→A	A→B	B→C
D	15cm	9cm	12cm
W	5cm	3cm	4cm

 $M_T = 600 ms$  or: 200, 200, 200

b)	S→B	B→C	C→A
D	12cm	12cm	21 cm
w	4cm	4cm	3cm

 $M_T = 560 ms$  or: 160, 160, 240

### different distance/width ratio

c) Yes, because different direction of movement:





accidentally picks up the calculator.

Name the slip Marcel made and briefly explain why it happened.

Description-similarity slip

"I need to pick up the device with the buttons."

#### • Marcel is receiving a phone call. Instead of grabbing his button cell phone, he







## **CMN Mode**

• Fill in the blanks below each "?" in this diagram of the CMN model. For the processors, also give their average timings.









## **Gestalt Laws**

next to it.

atient's Name:	Paulina
Birthday (MM-DD-YYYY):	20. 2. 1958
Address:	
lealth Insurance Tax (in %):	5.38
Doctor's Name:	
ОК Са	ncel

### Identify three Gestalt Laws that are violated in the interface below by marking the issue with a circle and writing the name of the law that has been violated





## **Gestalt Laws**

• Which Gestalt law has been applied here? Justify your answer.

### Law of proximity lets you see the U as a single object Also law of similarity

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## Information Content

in a mathematical formula.



#### $log_2(3) + log_2(6)$ bits (this is the same as $log_2(3^*6)$ bits)

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### What is the information content (in bits) for the following UI? Keep your answer

rt Order Interface			
¢			
e			
1	'		'
М	L	XL	XXL





## How to Fail Easily

- when we have just asked for one. (=> No points for the answers.)
- No points for the answer.)
- the object is pressing it." (=> No points for the answer and 1 week detention.)
- (=> No points for the answer, but you do get some unicorn points. :))

• Write down more than what is asked for. E.g., write down two examples of affordances,

• Write down the answers in German. E.g., "Hallo meine Freunde, das ist meine Antwort." (=>

• Repeating yourself or writing down lengthy, verbose answers. E.g., "This is an example of an affordance because it affords the action of pressing it. An affordance is the action that is afforded by an object. In this case, the action is pressing the object. So, the affordance of

• Writing the answers using a pink (i.e., not black or blue) pen or pencil.







# Week 7: Visual Design

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#### LAURA AND MATT LANCASTER ESTATE. HERALDSBURG. CA; NOVEMBER 2, 2012

MENL

#### TONIGHT YOU'LL BE EATING ...

first course: Whole Leaf Romaine Salad with Pt. Reyes blue cheese dressing, bacon, avocado & radish second course: Pumpkin Ravioli with Brown Butter Sage entree: Zinfandel Braised Short Ribs, Horseradish Mashed Potatoes, Brussel Sprouts with Sherry & Zin Bacon • • • • • • • • • • *dessert*: Cupcakes by Sift Bakery

#### HANK YOU FOR BEING HERE we appreciate the travel, effort + time it took YOU ARE SPECIAL TO US

THANK YOU FOR BEING OUR SUPPORT SYSTEM.

YOU HAVE HELPED MAKE US WHO WE ARE TODAY

SO PLEASE ENJOY TONIGHT! WE LOVE YOU













#### Which one to use when? 2010-2012 2010-2012 2010-2012

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## Weight

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